



2

1-3 μ 2019



μ

()

anti-TNFα

μ

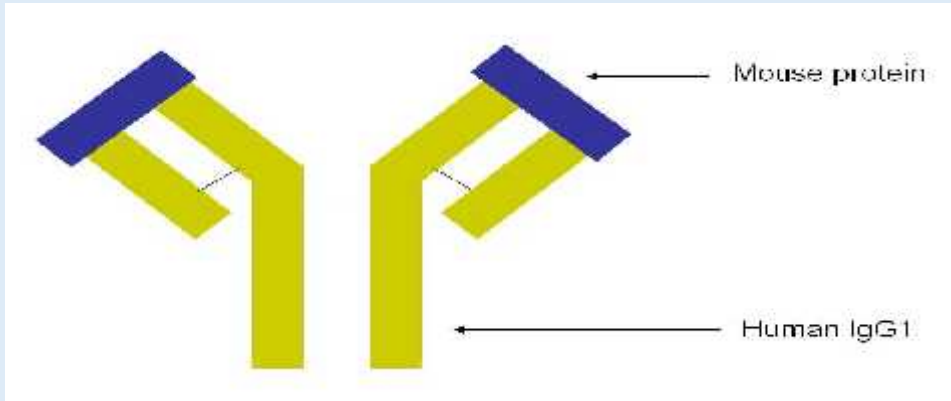
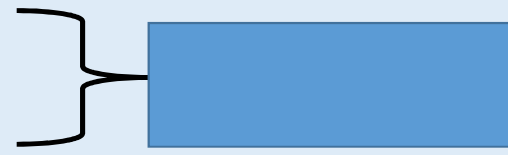
anti-TNFα

μ

μ

INFLIXIMAB (IFX)

- ◆ μ
- ◆
- ◆
- ◆ Crohn
- ◆ E



μ - F

10-20% "

" μ

30% "

"

10%

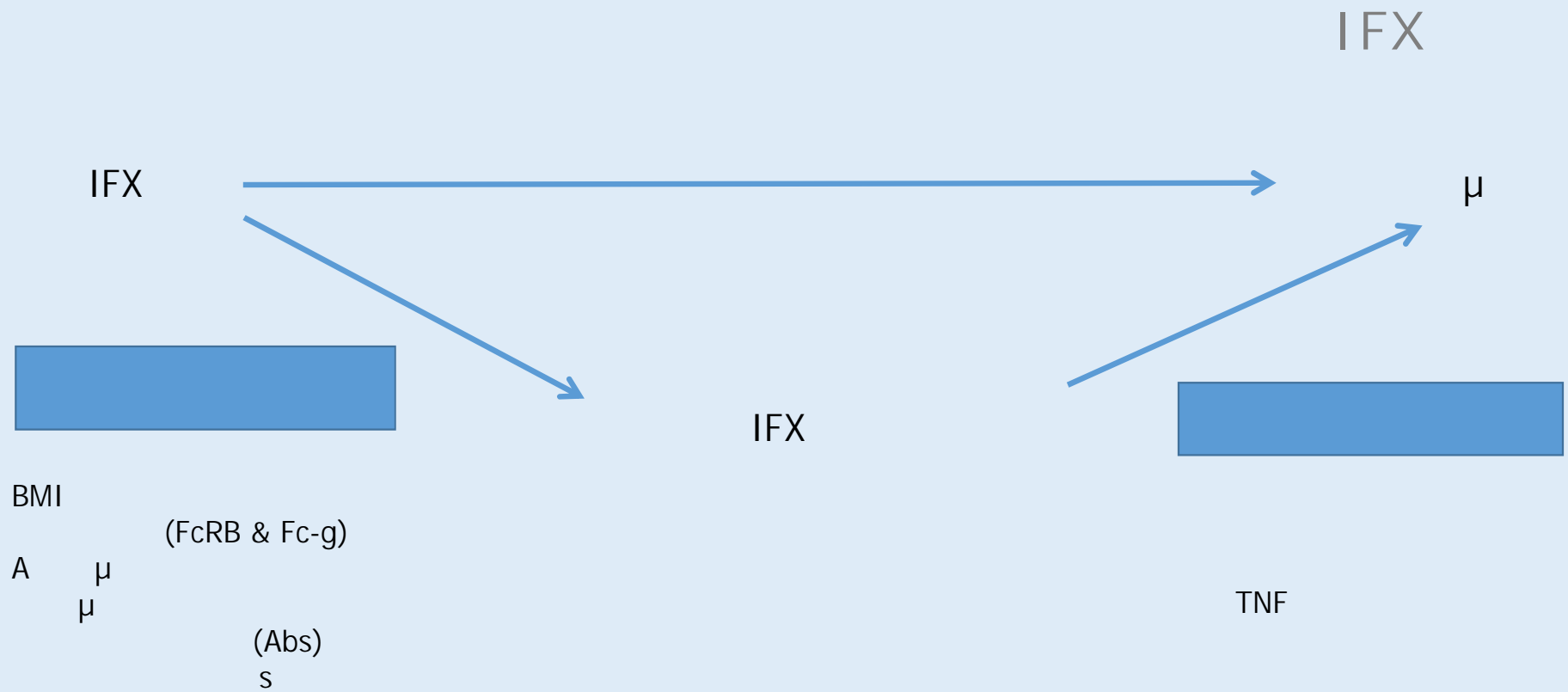
μ

(

/

μ

)



anti-TNF α

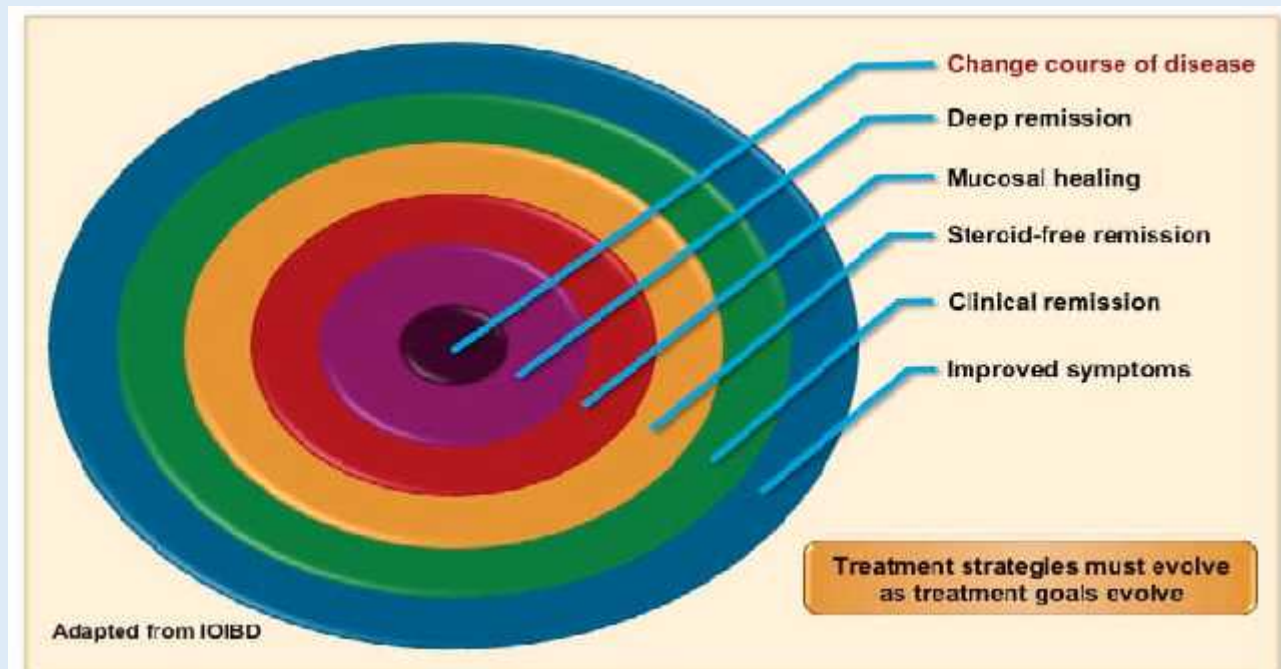
4 options – μ

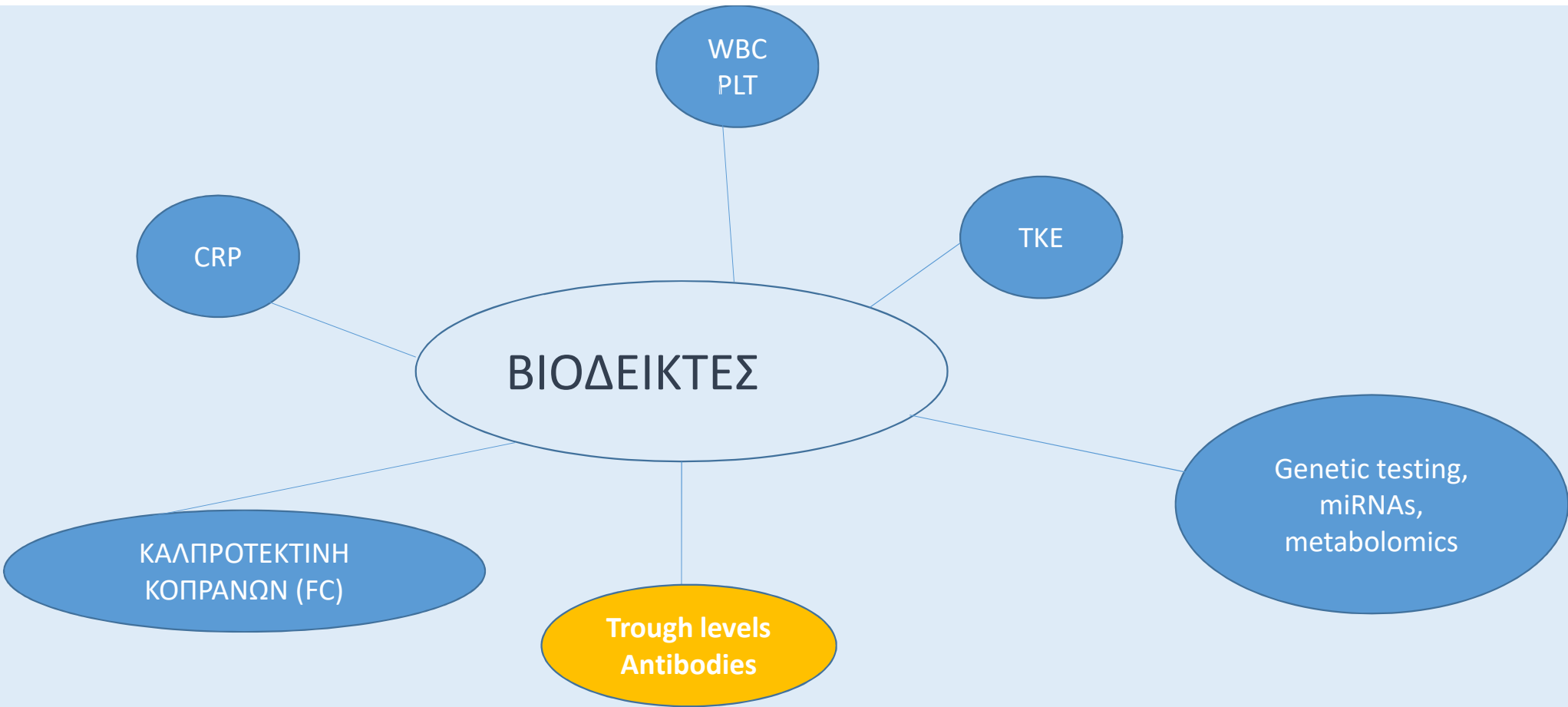
-
-
-
-

anti-TNF

μ (anti-integrins,
anti IL12/23, Jak-stat inhibitors)

Θεραπευτικοί στόχοι σε ΙΦΝΕ “T2T”

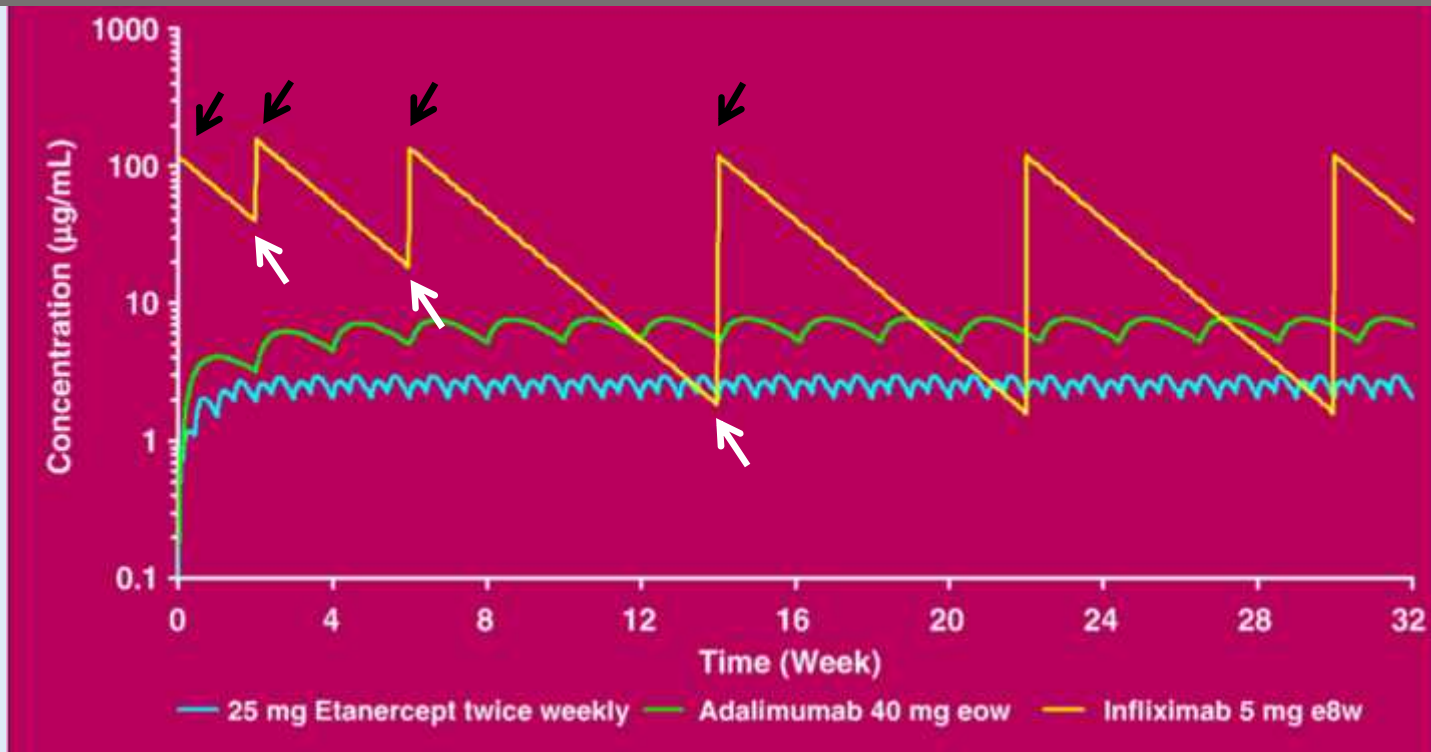




-TNF
(trough levels)

=

μ



Tracey D et al. Pharm & Ther 2008

IFX-TLs

μ

:



:



μ

Maser et al Clin Gastroenterol Hepatol 2006
Levesque et al Aliment Pharmacol Ther 2014;39:1126–1135
Adedokun et al Gastroenterology 2014;147:1296–1307
Papamichael et al Clin Gastroenterol Hepatol 2016;14:543–549
Seow CH et al, Gut 2010;59:49-54

trough levels?

- μ μ ()
-
- μ μ s
- infliximab
- , BMI
- μ μ
-

μ

FX-TLs

s?

:

•

μ

•

•

(0,2,6)

•

μ

μ

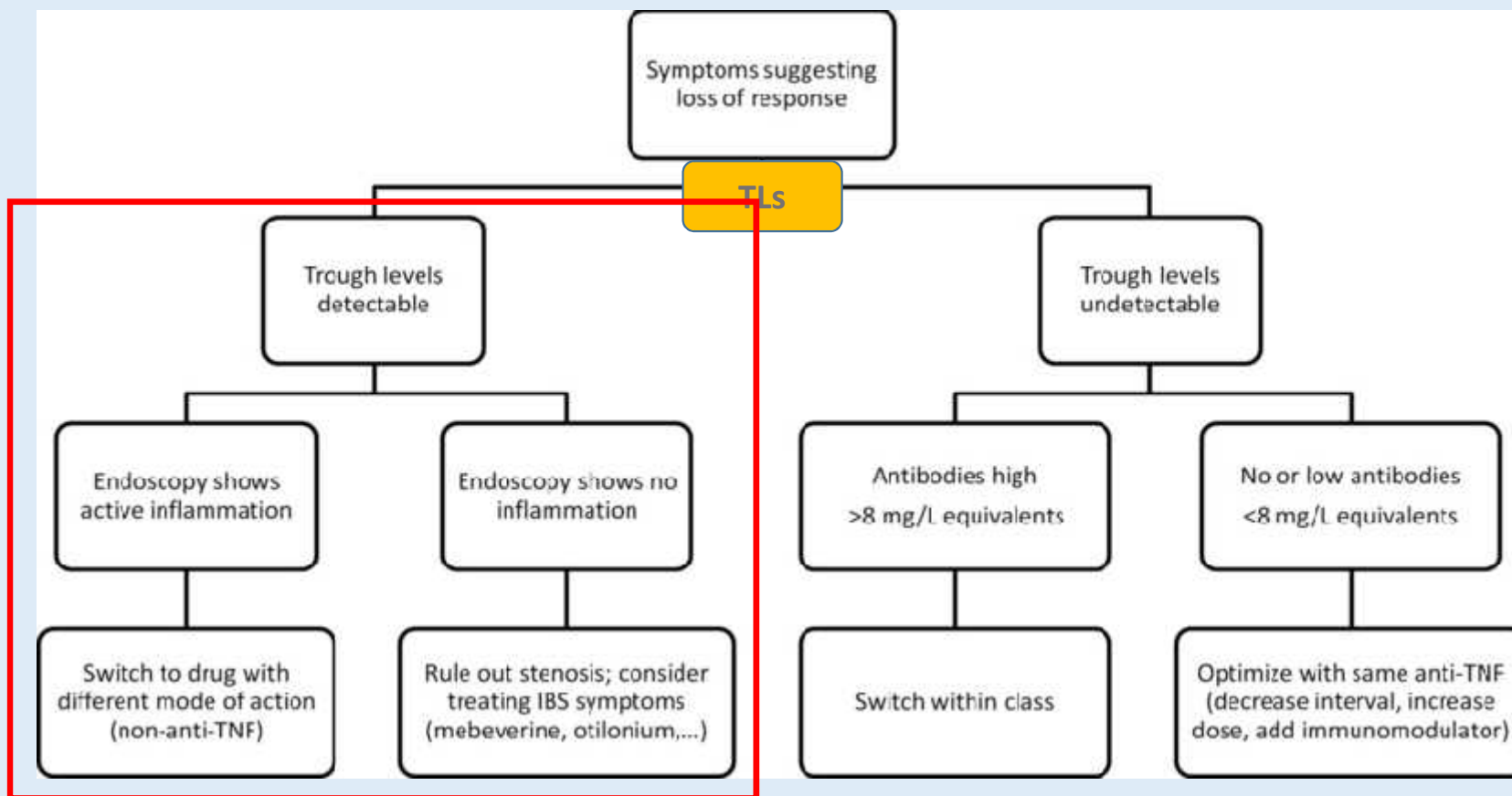
drug holiday

•

μ

Reactive

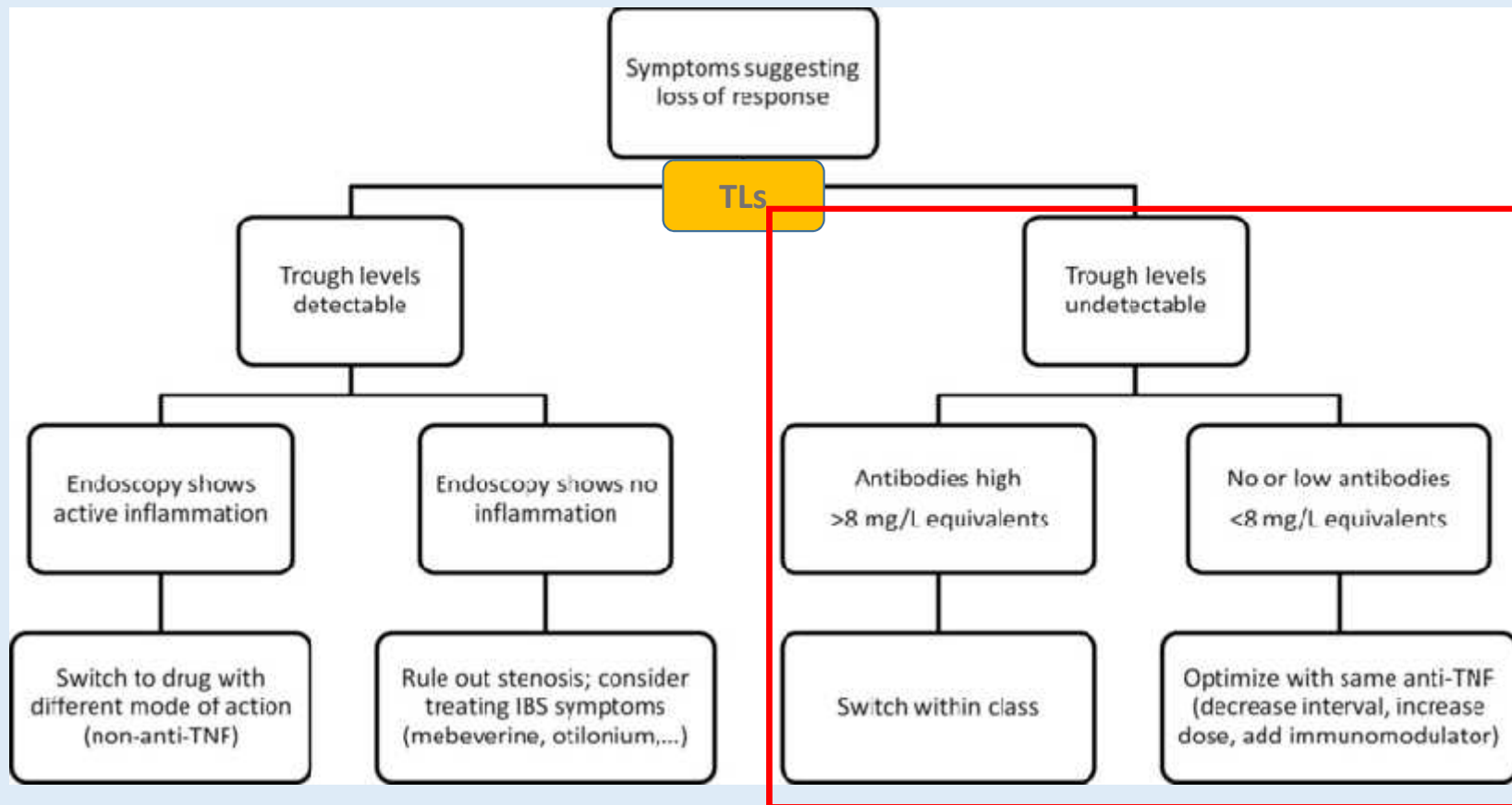
Algorithm in patients under anti-tumour necrosis factor (anti-TNF) who present with symptoms suggestive of loss of response



[Séverine Vermeire](#)¹ and [Ann Gils](#)². [Frontline Gastroenterol.](#) 2013 Jan; 4(1): 41–43.

Reactive

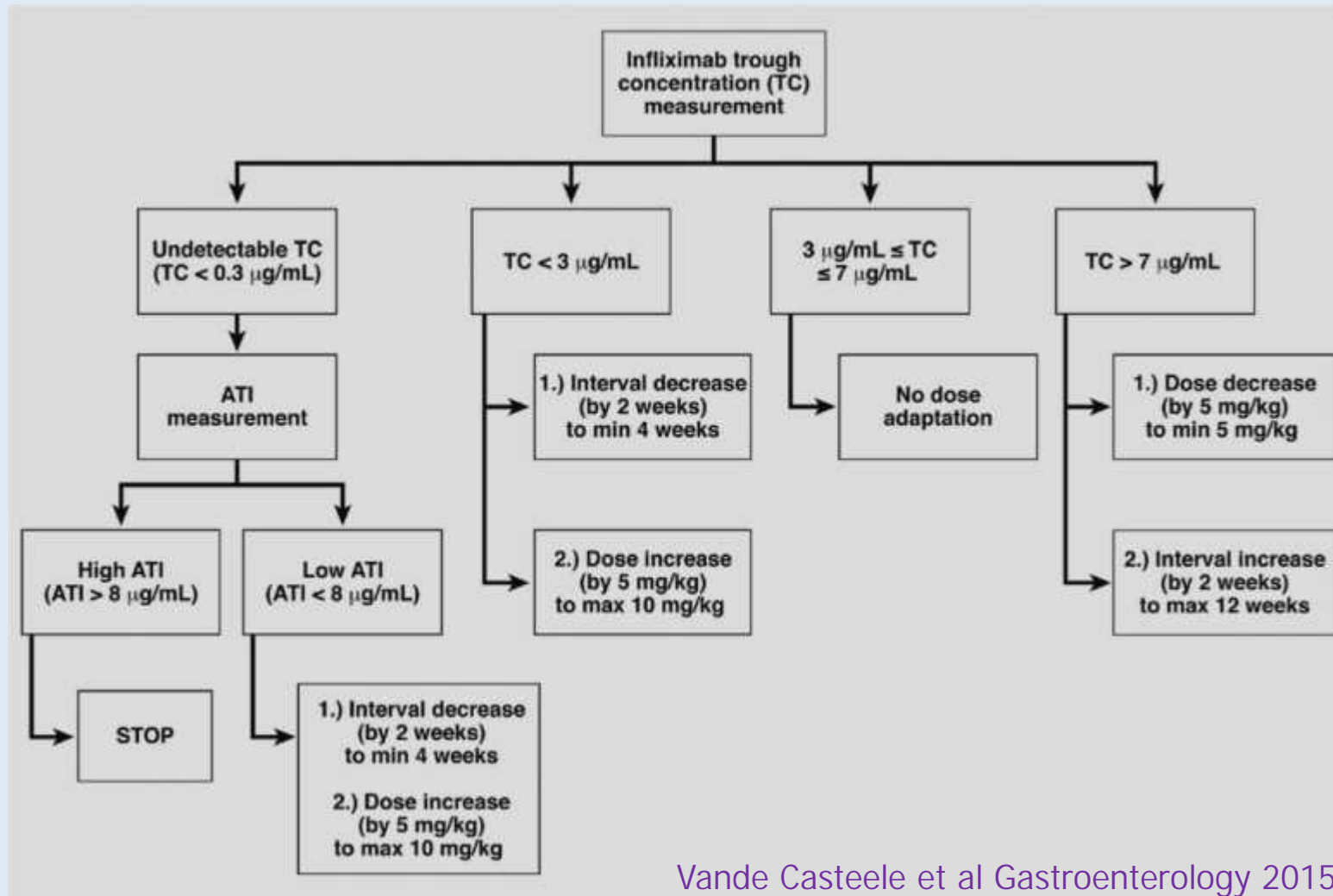
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Proactive

Trough Concentration Adapted Infliximab Treatment (TAXIT)



Infliximab trough levels are decreasing over time in patients with inflammatory bowel disease on maintenance treatment with infliximab

Fleni Orfanoudaki^a, Maria Gazouli^c, Kalliopi Foteinogiannopoulou^a, Firini Theodoraki^a, Fvangelia I legaki^c, Ioannis Romanos^b, Ioannis Mouzas^a and Ioannis E. Koutroubakis^a

Table 2. Comparison between laboratory and clinical parameters in the two measurements A and B

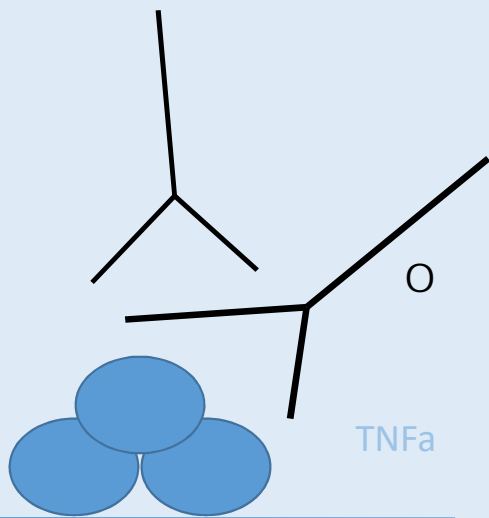
N= 64	MEAS A [mean±SD/median (IQR)]	MEAS B [mean±SD/median (IQR)]	P-value
Median TLs (µg/ml)	5.07 (1.60–12.73)	4.68 (1.19–7.83)	< 0.0001
ATIs positive	6	5	NS
Median CRP (mg/dl)	0.31 (0.3–3.8)	0.33 (0.3–4.4)	0.02
Median ESR first hour (mm)	18.5 (11–31.5)	13.5 (9–23)	NS
Mean Hgb (g/dl)	13.5 (± 1.68)	13.4 (± 1.76)	NS
Mean PLT (×10 ⁹ /l)	264 (± 71.4)	263 (± 86.1)	NS
Median albumin (mg/dl)	4.3 (4.2–4.6)	4.4 (4.3–4.7)	NS
Median SIBDQ	55 (44–60.5)	57 (49–63.25)	NS
Median HBI (CD)	2 (1–4)	2 (1–3)	NS
Median SCAI (UC)	1 (0.5–2.5)	1 (0.25–2.5)	NS

ATIs, antibodies to infliximab; CD, Crohn's disease; CRP, C-reactive protein; ESR, erythrocyte sedimentation rate; HBI, Harvey–Bradshaw index; Hgb, hemoglobin; IMMs, immunomodulators (azathioprine or methotrexate); IQR, interquartiles range; PLT, platelets; SCAI, simple colitis activity index; SIBDQ, short inflammatory bowel disease questioner; TLs, trough levels; UC, ulcerative colitis.

infliximab treatment (N = 56).

ELISA

b-HPR



μ TLs Abs

TLs

μ

$>0.03\mu\text{g/ml}$

Abs

Total antibodies θετικό $\geq 10\text{tAU/ml}$, αρνητικό $\leq 10\text{tAU/ml}$

Τμ μ

ELISA; Eagle Biosciences, Nashua, New Hampshire, USA

1

• μ 41 Crohn (2L3B1) 2015

• μ infliximab 5mg/kg/8w 1000mgx2

μ μ : , ~1μ μ

MRE: μ μ TE

Variable	
Age at diagnosis (yr)	A1, ≤15
	A2, 17-35
	A3, >40
Location	L1, ileal
	L2, colonic
	L3, ileocolonic
	L4, isolated upper disease [†]
Behavior	B1, non-stricturing, non-penetrating
	B2, stricturing
	B3, penetrating
	p, perianal disease modifier [‡]

[†]L4 is a modifier that can be added to L1-L3 when concomitant upper gastrointestinal disease is present.

[‡]p is added to B1-B3 when concomitant perianal disease is present.

6/2016: Ls=0,99 μg/ml

ATIs= 10,2 tAU/ml (+)

SIBDQ: 26/70 HBI score:5 ()
 CRP:<0,33mg/dl, ESR 35mm1h, WBC:5.000K/ml

5mg/kg/6w

4/2017: Ls=9,6 μg/ml

ATIs= 3,4 tAU/ml

SIBDQ: 54/70 HBI score:2 ()

! :

2

- μ 52 Crohn (2L1B2) 2000
- μ infliximab 5mg/kg/8w 2003

μ μ

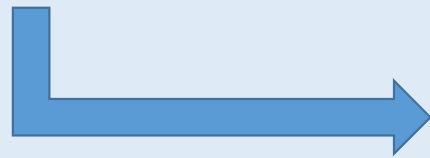
	TLs μg/ml	ATIs tAU/ml
6/2016	6	2,6
4/2017	3.5	3,07

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- μ μ TLs
- μ μ (CRP 2.5-3.3 mg/dl, ESR 40-70mm 1h, PLT 523.000K/ml)
- μ : μ , μ ,
- MRE: μ 25



10/2017 5mg/kg/6w

MRE: 11/2018 μ μ μ μμ
27 μ μ , 10 μ ,
μ μ μ μ



infliximab 5mg/kg/6w
ustekinumab



3/2019 μ μ μ
μ μ

3

- μ 33 Crohn (2L3B1) 2006
- μ infliximab 5mg/kg/8w 2008

	TLs μg/ml	ATIs tAU/ml
4/2017	12.7	2.5

Variable	
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6/2017

μ

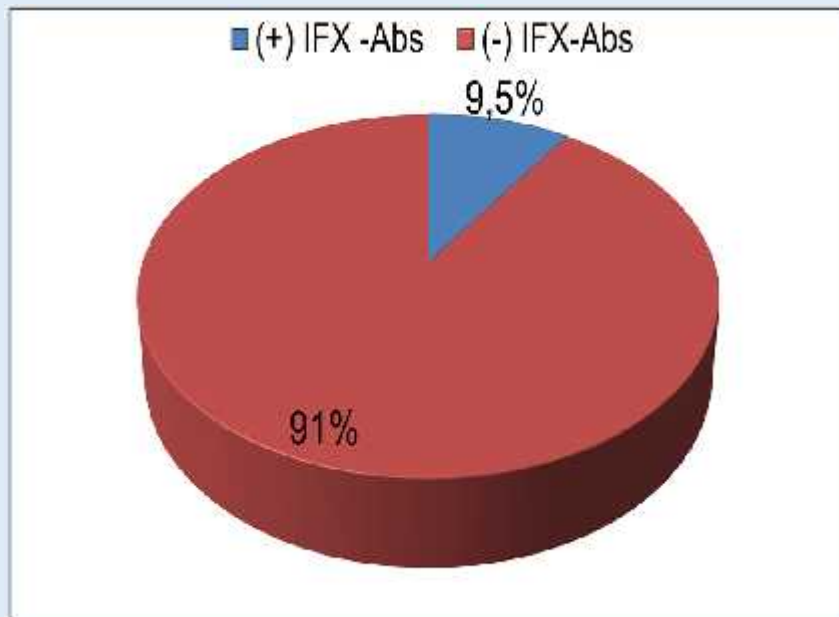
5mg/kg/8w → 5mg/kg/10w



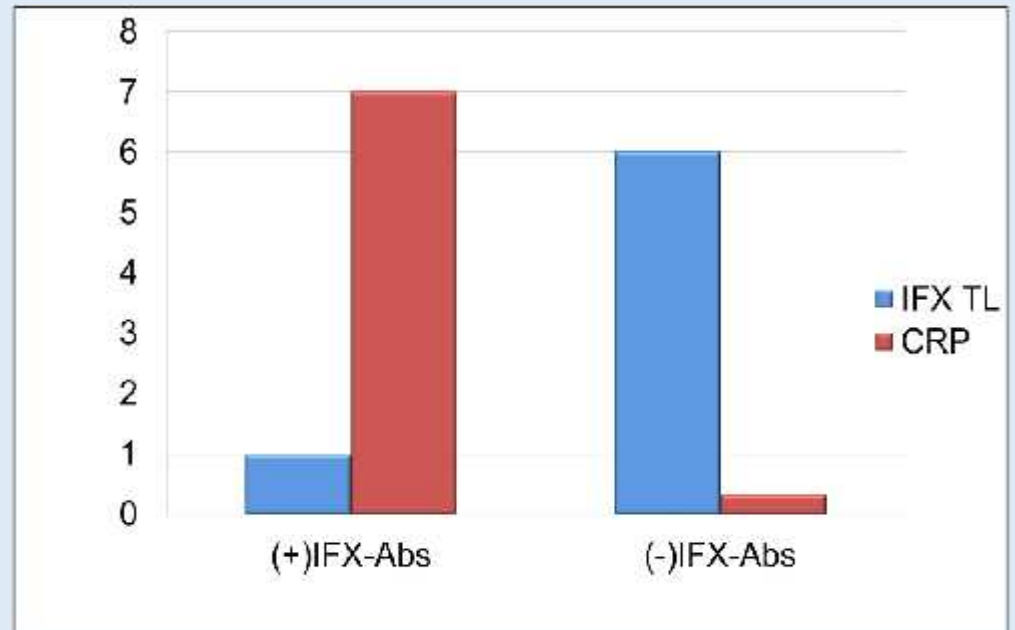
2019:

, μ μ

μ FX-Abs (+)
μ (n=74)



IFX-Abs μ
FX-TLs CRP



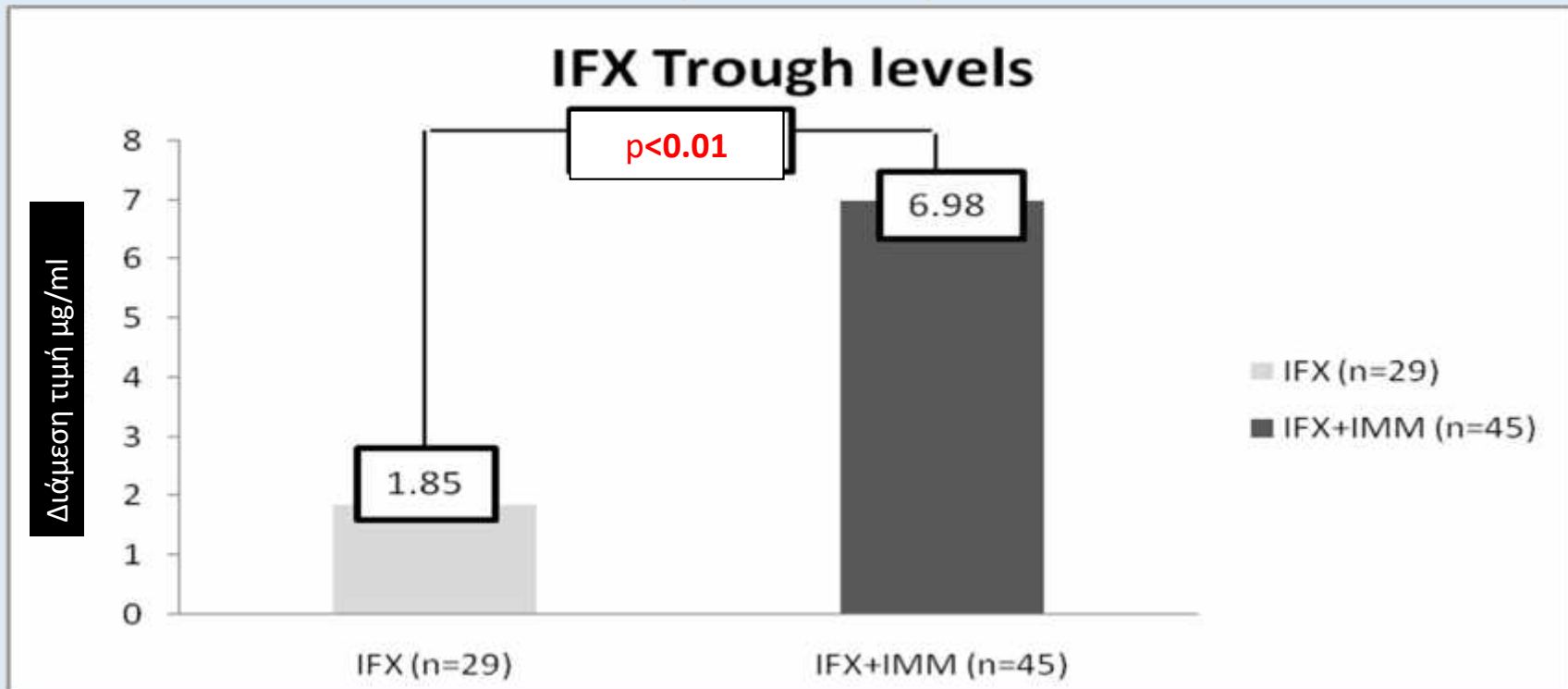
Ασθενείς με (+)IFX-Abs είχαν διάμεση τιμή IFX-TL **0.99** μg/ml (0.09-1.40) χαμηλότερη σε σχέση με αυτούς με (-)IFX-Abs **6.01** μg/ml (0.03-30.69) (p=0.0005)

μ
infliximab (IFX)

μ IFX-TL μ
μ μ
(IFX+IMM)

μ μo

μ



IFX:infliximab, IMM:immunomodulator medications(azathioprine/methotrexate)

FX-TL IFX-Abs μ

	infliximab (IFX-TL)		μ Abs)		infliximab (IFX-
	<i>r</i>	<i>p</i>	<i>r</i>	<i>p</i>	
HBI	0.11	0.41	-0.31	0.02	
SCAI	0.18	0.48	0.17	0.47	
SIBDQ	-0.09	0.44	-0.06	0.63	
CRP (mg/dl)	-0.27	0.02	0.24	0.04	
Hgb (mg/dl)	-0.08	0.48	-0.19	0.10	
TKE 1 (mm)	0.09	0.42	-0.05	0.65	
PLT ($\times 10^9/\mu\text{L}$)	-0.19	<u>0.09</u>	-0.17	0.88	
Alb (mg/dl)	0.003	0.77	0.009	0.94	

FX-TLs IFX-Abs μ

	infliximab (IFX-TL)		μ infliximab (ATIs)	
	<i>r</i>	<i>p</i>	<i>r</i>	<i>p</i>
(N=53)	0.38	0.006	-0.34	0.01

Στην πολυπαραγοντική ανάλυση :

❖ **IFX-TLs** (OR 0.86, 95% CI 0.76-0.97 $p=0.017$)

❖ **διάρκεια αγωγής με IFX** (OR 0.97, 95% CI 0.95-0.99 $p=0.04$)

ανεξάρτητη συσχέτιση με τη βλεννογονική επούλωση

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Eur J Gastroenterol Hepatol 2019 Feb;31(2):187-191 27

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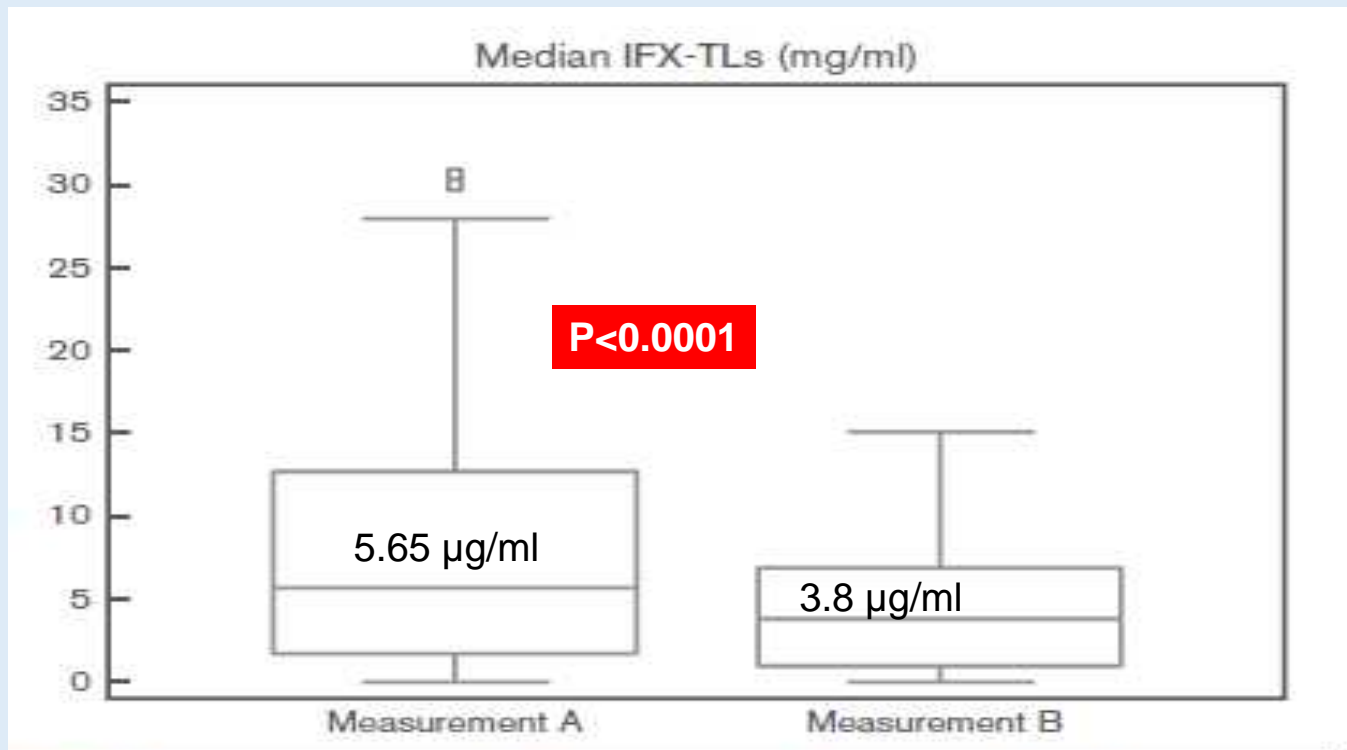


Fig. 1. Comparison of median infliximab trough levels (IFX-TLs) among measurements A and B in inflammatory bowel disease patients under stable infliximab treatment ($N = 56$).

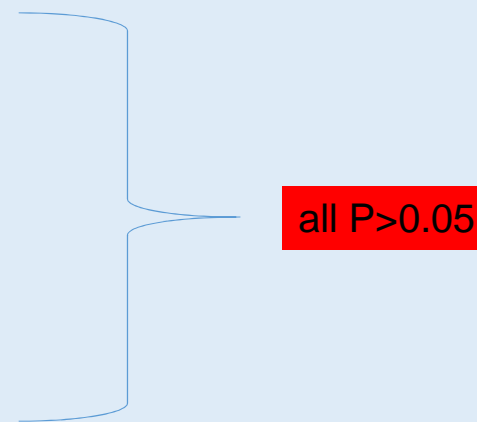
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There were no correlations between the decrease in IFX-TLs and

disease type (CD vs. UC) ($r = 0.08$, $P = 0.52$),
disease duration ($r = 0.10$, $P = 0.45$),
IFX treatment duration ($r = -0.05$, $P = 0.69$),
ATIs levels,
steroid use,
IMMs use,
activity indices,
quality of life
serum levels of all examined biomarkers



The only significant correlation found was between IFX-TLs and CRP levels ($r = -0.38$, $P = 0.003$).

In the logistic regression analysis, after adjustment for disease type, use of IMMs, and presence of ATIs, this correlation remained significant [odds ratio: 5.2 (1.4–19.0), $P = 0.01$].

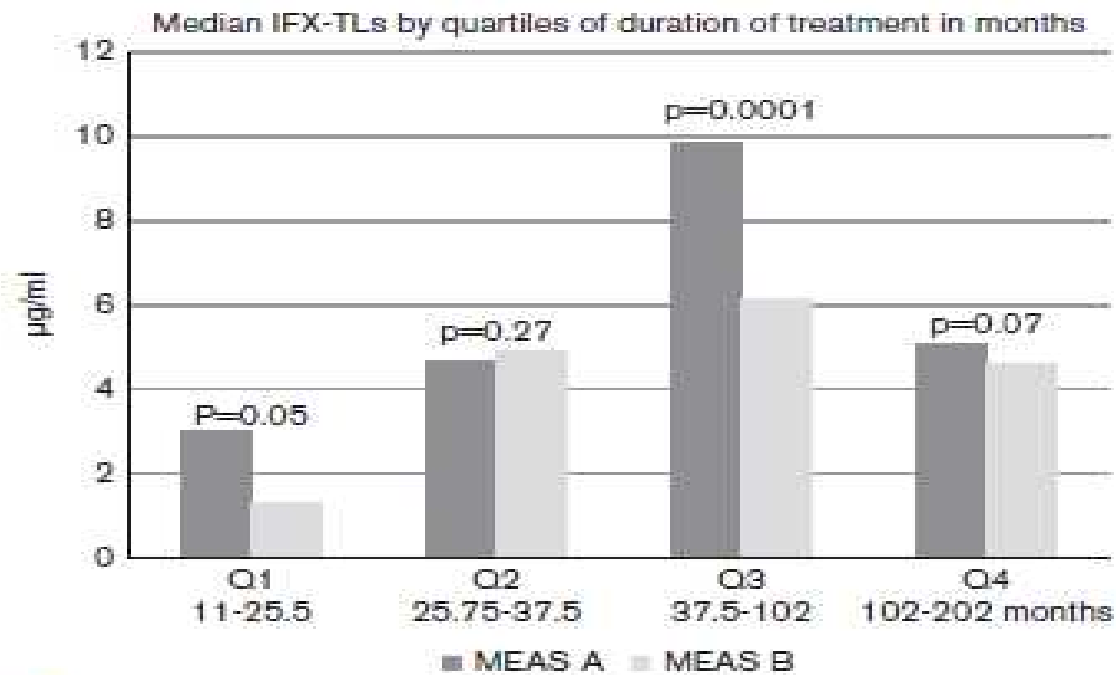


Fig. 2. Median infliximab trough levels in measurements (MEAS) A and B by quartiles of duration of treatment in months. IFX-TL, infliximab trough levels.

FOLLOW UP-18months

During the follow-up period, 18 months after the second measurement that highlighted the decrease in IFXTLs

- treatment modifications (dose intensification or agent change) were performed in 14 (22%) patients
- 21 hospitalizations in 13 patients
- 4 IBD-related surgeries